<u>AMENDMENT B</u> (37 C.F.R. 1.111)

IN THE CLAIMS:

Please amend claims 1, 3-14 and 21 in accordance with 37 C.F.R. 1.121.

Please add new claim 22.

The claims are attached herein on separate sheets.

AMENDMENT TO CLAIMS [Deleted material is struck-through and added material is underlined]

1. (Currently Amended) A composition for treating symptoms and conditions associated with aging, the composition including an active ingredient **consisting essentially of comprising**:

one of

an aqueous extract of buckwheat seed,

a fractionation product of an aqueous extract of buckwheat seed, and
a combination of said aqueous extract of buckwheat seed and said fractionation
product of said aqueous extract of buckwheat seed,

wherein the active ingredient contains polymers having 4 to 9 monomer units, said polymers having a molecular weight of from about 1,000 to about 10,000,

wherein the composition enhances an activity of protein kinase C (PKC), improves short time memory and alleviates decrease in space cognition caused by aging activates a function of the brain's activity.

- 2. (Original) The composition according to Claim 1, wherein the aqueous extract of buckwheat seed has a molecular weight of about 1500 or more.
- 3. (Currently Amended) The composition according to Claim 1, wherein the composition activates the function of the brain's activity for alleviating and treating alleviates and treats symptoms and conditions caused by dementia.
- 4. (Currently Amended) The composition according to Claim 2, wherein the composition activates the function of the brain's activity for alleviating and treating alleviates and treats symptoms and conditions caused by dementia.
- 5. (Currently Amended) The composition according to Claim 1, wherein the composition activates the function of the brain's activity for alleviating and treating alleviates and treats symptoms and conditions caused by Alzheimer's syndrome.
- 6. (Currently Amended) The composition according to Claim 2, wherein the composition activates the function of the brain's activity for alleviating and treating alleviates and treats symptoms and conditions caused by Alzheimer's syndrome.

- 7. (Currently Amended) The composition according to Claim 1, wherein the composition <u>inhibits</u> activates the function of the brain's activity for inhibiting lipid peroxide.
- 8. (Currently Amended) The composition according to Claim 2, wherein the composition activates the function of the brain's activity-for inhibiting inhibits lipid peroxide.
- 9. (Currently Amended) The composition according to Claim 1, wherein the composition activates the function of the brain's activity for treating treats hyperlipemia.
- 10. (Currently Amended) The composition according to Claim 2, wherein the composition activates the function of the brain's activity for treating treats hyperlipemia.
- 11. (Currently Amended) The composition according to Claim 1, wherein the composition activates the function of the brain's activity for lowering lowers triacylglycerol levels.
- 12. (Currently Amended) The composition according to Claim 2, wherein the composition activates the function of the brain's activity for lowering lowers triacylglycerol levels.
- 13. (Currently Amended) The composition according to Claim 1, wherein the composition activates the function of the brain's activity for lowering lowers cholesterol levels.
- 14. (Currently Amended) The composition according to Claim 2, wherein the composition activates the function of the brain's activity for lowering lowers cholesterol levels.
- 15. (Original) The composition according to Claim 1, wherein the polymer having four to nine monomer units comprises a catechin-epicatechin polymer having four to nine monomer units.
- 16. (Previously Presented) The composition according to Claim 1, wherein the polymers having four to nine monomer units consist essentially of catechin-epicatechin polymers of the formula:

wherein n has a value of from 2 to 7, and

R is

R' is

giving a ratio of catechin to epicatechin in the upper terminal and middle of 2 to 1 and a 1 to 2 ratio of catechin to epicatechin in the lower terminal.

17.	(Original)	The composition of claim 16 wherein n has a value of 3.
18.	(Original)	The composition of claim 16 wherein n has a value of 5.
19.	(Original)	The composition of claim 16 wherein n has a value of 7.

- 20. (Original) The composition of claim 2 wherein the catechin-epicatechin polymer comprises an catechin-epicatechin oligomer.
- 21. (Currently Amended) A method of improving the memory of animals comprising administering to said animals an effective amount of a composition having an active ingredient comprising consisting essentially of:

one of

an aqueous extract of buckwheat seed,

a fractionation product of an aqueous extract of buckwheat seed, and a combination of said aqueous extract of buckwheat seed and said fractionation

product of said aqueous extract of buckwheat seed,

wherein the active ingredient contains polymers having 4 to 9 monomer units₂ said polymers having a molecular weight of from about 1,000 to about 10,000, and

wherein the polymers having 4 to 9 monomer units consist essentially of catechinepicatechin polymers of the formula:

wherein n has a value of from 2 to 7, and

R is

OH and the ratio of OH to OH is 2 to 1,

R' is

OH and OH and the ratio of OH to OH is 1 to 2

giving a ratio of catechin to epicatechin in the upper terminal and middle of 2 to 1 and a 1 to 2 ratio of catechin to epicatechin in the lower terminal

wherein the composition enhances an activity of protein kinase C (PKC), improves short time memory and alleviates decrease in space cognition caused by aging.

22. (New) A pharmaceutical product which includes as an agent, a polyphenol oligomer which is hot-water extracted from buckwheat seeds and contains catechin and epicatechins at a specific ratio,

wherein the polyphenol oligomer has 4 to 9 monomer units and said polyphenol oligomer has a molecular weight of about 1000 to about 10,000, and

which enhances an activity of protein kinase C (PKC), improves short time memory and alleviates decrease in space cognition caused by aging.